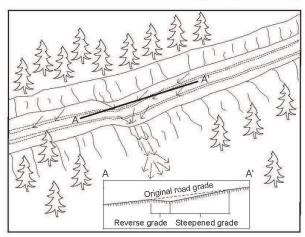
			R	OAD IN	VENT	ORY	Y D .	AT.	A FOR	RM				
GENERAL	Site #:	Wa	tershed:				Type of vehicle(s) using road:							
	Year round, Se		oad use al, No recent use (>5 yrs)				Surface rocked, native, paved			red	Drivability Drive, Quad, Walk			
PROBLEM (CIRCLE ONE)	Stream crossing		andslide	e Road	surface	ce Ditc		ch relief culvert (DRC)		Spring		Bank erosion		
ROAD/ DITCH INFO EXISTING	Left road/ditch 0-150, 151-6 Left cutbank	00, 60	t): Left cutbank le		M, L	, L lowering:		Right road length (ft) 0-150, 151-600, 601 Right cutbank ht (ft)			600, 601- nk ht (ft):	+ H, M, L Right cutbank lowering:		
	None, 0-		H, M, L Gentle, Moderate, Steep					None, 0-5, 5+ Right rd grade%: G				H, M, L		
			ping (circle any observed) Crowned, Flat, Thru-c			-cut						(circle any observed) rowned, Flat, Thru-cut		
STREAM EXISTING	Culvert	Bridge		Humboldt		F	ill	l Ford		rd	Armo	Armored fill		Decommissioned
	Culvert pro Y or N		Culvert type: Plastic, Metal, C				ete	Culvert at natural grade Y or N		•	0-30, 31-50 , 51+			
	Inlet Open, Crush Plugged, Rus	Outlet Open, Crushed, Plugged, Rusted				-				g potential, M, L		Culvert appears undersized: Y, M, N		
	Stre 1,					Sed transport H, M, L			g	Channel grade gentle, moderate, steep				
	Diversion Po Y or	tential' N	? Currently divert Y or N					Past diversion? Y or N				Fish barrier? Y or N or N/A		
EROSION	Erosion Potential o	or Like	elihood o	of Future Ero	osion:	Н, М	1 , 1	Ĺ						
TREATMENT	Treat Y or N		ASAP Y or N				Treatment Immediac			•	Complexity H, M, L		= :	
	Stream crossing treatment needs		Replac	Install bridg		lge	e Install ford			ar			Decommission crossing	
	(circle site needs)		Tras		Critical			al dip Armor fillslope			e (in or out) Clean culvert			
	Right road treatment needs		Rolling dip (#):				1					Clean or cut ditch length (ft):		
	(estimate # or leng		Outslope road (ft):			ı	Inslope road (ft):					Crown road (ft):		
	<u>Left</u> road treatment n		Rolling dip (#):				Install/replace DRC (#):					Clean or cut ditch length (ft):		
	(estimate # or length)		Outslope road (ft):				Inslope road (ft):					Crown road (ft):		

Typical Road Surface Drainage by Rolling Dips



Rolling dip installation:

- 1. Rolling dips will be installed in the roadbed as needed to drain the road surface.
- 2. Rolling dips will be sloped either into the ditch or to the outside of the road edge as required to properly drain the road.
- 3. Rolling dips are usually built at 30 to 45 degree angles to the road alignment with cross road grade of at least 1% greater than the grade of the road.
- 4. Excavation for the dips will be done with a medium-size bulldozer or similar equipment.
- 5. Excavation of the dips will begin 50 to 100 feet up road from where the axis of the dip is planned as per guidelines established in the rolling dip dimensions table.
- 6. Material will be progressively excavated from the roadbed, steepening the grade unitl the axis is reached.
- 7. The depth of the dip will be determined by the grade of the road (see table below).
- 8. On the down road side of the rolling dip axis, a grade change will be installed to prevent the runoff from continuing down the road (see figure above).
- 9. The rise in the reverse grade will be carried for about 10 to 20 feet and then return to the original slope.
- 10. The transition from axis to bottom, through rising grade to falling grade, will be in a road distance of at least 15 to 30 feet.

Table of rolling dip dimensions by road grade									
Road grade %	Upslope approach distance (from up road start to trough) ft	Reverse grade distance (from trough to crest) ft	Depth at trough outlet (below average road grade) ft	Depth at trough inlet (below average road grade) ft					
<6	55	15 - 20	0.9	0.3					
8	65	15 - 20	1.0	0.2					
10	75	15 - 20	1.1	0.01					
12	85	20 - 25	1.2	0.01					
>12	100	20 - 25	1.3	0.01					

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